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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/550,949	05/02/2006	Andreas Michl	01012-1024	4083	
	7590 04/28/201 G MORI & STEINER,	EXAMINER			
918 Prince Street Alexandria, VA 22314			MCLEOD, MARSHALL M		
Alexandria, v A	1 22314		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			2457		
			NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
			04/28/2010	ELECTRONIC	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail address(es):

docket@dcpatent.com

Office Action Summary		Ар	plication No.	Applicant(s)	Applicant(s)			
		10	/550,949	MICHL, ANDREA	MICHL, ANDREAS			
		Exa	aminer	Art Unit				
		MA	RSHALL MCLEOD	2457				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communi or Reply	cation appears	on the cover sheet wi	th the correspondence a	ddress			
WHIC - Exter after - If NC - Failu Any r	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MANDERS OF	AILING DATE of 37 CFR 1.136(a). unication. tutory period will app will, by statute, cause	OF THIS COMMUNIC In no event, however, may a r ly and will expire SIX (6) MON e the application to become AB	CATION. eply be timely filed THS from the mailing date of this ANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status								
1)[\	Responsive to communication(s) file	d on 20 Decen	aher 2009					
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٥/١	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
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	on of Claims							
•	4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-9 and 12</u> is/are pending in the application.							
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
·	6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-9 and 12</u> is/are rejected.							
•	Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
8)[_]	Claim(s) are subject to restric	tion and/or ele	ction requirement.					
Applicati	on Papers							
9)	The specification is objected to by the	e Examiner.						
10)	The drawing(s) filed on is/are:	a) accepted	d or b)⊡ objected to∃	by the Examiner.				
	Applicant may not request that any object	tion to the draw	ng(s) be held in abeyan	ce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).				
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including	the correction is	required if the drawing	(s) is objected to. See 37 C	FR 1.121(d).			
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.								
Priority ι	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of:								
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.							
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No								
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage							
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).								
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.								
Attachmen	He)							
_	e of References Cited (PTO-892)		4) Interview S	Summary (PTO-413)				
2) Notic	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (P	TO-948)	Paper No(s	s)/Mail Date				
_	nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date		5) Notice of Ir 6) Other:	nformal Patent Application —·				

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DETAILED ACTION

1. Claims 1-9 and 12 are pending in this application. Claims 10 and 11 have been cancelled. Furthermore, the examiner withdraws the claim objection that was previously issued for claim 1. The examiner also withdraws the 35 U.S.C. 112 first paragraph rejection issued for claim 1.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 1-9 and 12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Birsan et al. (Patent No US 6,848,078 B1), hereinafter Birsan, in view of Tuma et al (A hands-on approach to teaching the basic OSI reference model, Journal: International Journal of Electrical Engineering Education, April 2000), hereinafter Tuma.
- 4. With respect to claim 1, Birsan discloses a method for determining deviations of a part of an end-system message of modular structure generated in a hierarchically-structured end system of a telecommunications device (Abstract, lines 1-3) by comparison with a reference message (Column 5, lines 15-27) comprising the steps of: reading in a reference message (Column 8, lines 43-49), reading in an end-system message (Column 9, lines 10-17) generated in the end system,

performing a message-structure analysis of the reference message (Column 8, lines 43-49), performing a message-structure analysis of the generated end-system message (Column 9, lines 10-17), displaying both structural units of the reference message and structural units of the generated end- system message (Column 2, lines 6-7), determining deviations of the selected structural unit of the end-system message by comparison with the selected structural unit of the reference message (Column 4, lines 37-57) after the respective selections of the respective structural units, based on a structure and values for parameters of structural units (Column 6, lines 30-41 and Column 7, lines 3-12; also See Figure 3, item (42) and (52)), and outputting of individual structural units of the selected structural unit of the end-system message deviating from the selected structural units (Column 6, lines 30-41 and Column 7, lines 3-12; also See Figure 3, item (42) and (52)) of the selected structural unit end-system message (Column 6, lines 43-47; Column 8, lines 58-59; also See Figure 3) generated in the end system (Column 9, lines 10-17).

Birsan does not disclose that the device is structured and based on an OSI reference model; containing information of different layers according to the OSI reference model; selecting a displayed structural unit of the reference message, selecting a displayed structural unit of the end-system message.

However, Tuma discloses that the device is structured and based on an OSI reference model (Paragraph 1, Introduction, Page 1, of the NPL document; also see Figure 1.); containing

information of different layers according to the OSI reference model (Paragraphs 1-6; Pages 1-7, of the NPL document, which discloses in detail what information each layer consists of); selecting a displayed structural unit of the reference message, selecting a displayed structural unit of the end-system message (Paragraph 3, The Data Link Layer, Page 3; subparagraph 5).

It would have been obvious have been obvious to the person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to combine the teachings of Birsan with the teachings of Tuma in order to provide the user with a more detailed comparison of messages and files by comparing the makeup of each message or file.

- 5. With respect to claim 2, Birsan discloses identical structural units of the reference message and of the end-system message generated in the end system output, wherein the structural units of the end-system message deviating from the reference message are output in a manner graphically distinguishable from the identical structural units (Column 6, lines 14-24).
- 6. With respect to claim 3, Birsan discloses structural units only present in the reference message are output in a manner graphically distinguishable from structural units other than the structural units only present in the reference message (Column 6, lines 14-24).
- 7. With respect to claim 4, Birsan discloses structural units only present in the generated end-system message are output in a manner graphically distinguishable from structural units

other than the structural units only present in the generated end- system message (Column 6, lines 14-24).

- 8. With respect to claim 5, Birsan discloses the structural units at least of the end-system message are output in a manner corresponding to a modular construction (Column 2, lines 55-61).
- 9. With respect to claim 6, Birsan discloses the outputting is provided in a first region of a screen display (Column 6, lines 17-21; see also Figure 3).
- 10. With respect to claim 7, Birsan discloses the structural units of the end-system message are output in a second region with an indication of information regarding a data stream of the end-system message, wherein structural units deviating from the reference message are output in a manner distinguishable from structural units of the second region other than the structural units deviating from the reference message (Column 2, lines 6-17).
- 11. With respect to claim 8, Birsan discloses the structural units of the end-system message are output in a third region with an indication of information of a data stream of the reference message, wherein structural units deviating from the reference message are output in a manner distinguishable from structural units of the third region other than the structural units deviating from the end-system message (Column 2, lines 6-17).

12. With respect to claim 9, Birsan discloses a digital storage medium with electronically-readable control signals, configured to co-operate with a programmable computer or digital signal processor (Column 9, lines 18-25).

13. With respect to claim 12, Birsan discloses computer software product with program-code means stored on a machine-readable data carrier, for the implementation of the method according to claim 1, when the software is run on a computer or a digital signal processor (Column 9, lines 26-34).

Response to Arguments

- 14. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-9 and 12 have been considered but are not persuasive. The claims when given their broadest reasonable interpretation, in regards to the "performing", "displaying", "selecting" and "determining" steps, have not been specifically tied to the OSI layers of the messages and therefore the interpretation of the "message structure" is not limited to the OSI layers.
- 15. With respect to applicant's argument on page 9 of the instant remarks. Applicant's contend that "Birsan et al. does not disclose any comparison only of selected units after their selection. In addition, no hint is given to change the order of comparison and selection. The Applicants submit that column 1, lines 33-37, is to be viewed in light of column 4, lines 61-67, column 5, lines 51-56, column 6, lines 48-52, and column 8, lines 58-62. Also, column 7, lines 29-30, is not at all equivalent to selecting structural units of messages, since again complete files

are selected". The examiner respectfully disagrees and refers applicants' to Column 5, lines 57-59, which discloses "The preferred embodiment of the present invention does not function at file level, but rather at a higher level, the XML element level". The examiner interprets this to read on applicants' limitations as applicants' have not made clear what exactly the "structural units of messages" are and a person having ordinary skill in the art can interpret an XML element of a file as a structural unit of that file/message. Furthermore, the examiner would like to remind applicant's that the rejection that was given is a 35 U.S.C 103(a) rejection and as such it should be viewed as a whole in conjunction with Tuma et al. and not in a piecemeal fashion. Also, in response to applicant's argument that there is no teaching, suggestion, or motivation to combine the references, the examiner recognizes that obviousness may be established by combining or modifying the teachings of the prior art to produce the claimed invention where there is some teaching, suggestion, or motivation to do so found either in the references themselves or in the knowledge generally available to one of ordinary skill in the art. See *In re* Fine, 837 F.2d 1071, 5 USPQ2d 1596 (Fed. Cir. 1988), In re Jones, 958 F.2d 347, 21 USPQ2d 1941 (Fed. Cir. 1992), and KSR International Co. v. Teleflex, Inc., 550 U.S. 398, 82 USPQ2d 1385 (2007). In this case, Birsan compares the composition of two messages and Tuma discloses the composition of messages and how they are sent in respect to the OSI model's network and data layers.

16. With respect to applicants' argument on the bottom of page 9 of the instant remarks.

Applicant's contend that "Tuma et al. does not discuss the selection of structural units prior to determining deviations of the selected structural units". The examiner respectfully disagrees and

reminds applicants' that the rejection that was given is a 35 U.S.C 103(a) rejection and as such it should be viewed as a whole in conjunction with Birsan et al. which the examiner relies on to teach and cure the deficiencies of Tuma. In this case Birsan at Column 3, lines 22-32 discloses applicants' above limitation.

Conclusion

17. **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to MARSHALL MCLEOD whose telephone number is (571)270-3808. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Thursday 6:30 a.m-4:00 p.m..

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Ario Etienne can be reached on (571) 272-4001. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated

information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Ramy M Osman/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 2457

/Marshall McLeod/ Examiner, Art Unit 2457 4/22/2010